



Virtual University

**CS614-Data Warehouse**  
**Solved MCQ(S)**  
**From Final Term Papers**  
**BY Arslan**

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In the Name of Allāh, the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful

## **Final-Term Papers Solved MCQS with Reference**

1. Suppose the amount of data recorded in an organization is doubled every year. This increase is

- Linear
- Quadratic
- Logarithmic
- **Exponential**

**PG # 15**

2. The telecommunications data warehouse is dominated by the sheer volume of data generated at the call level \_\_\_\_\_ area.

- **Subject**
- Object
- Aggregate
- Detail

**PG # 35**

3. De-Normalization normally speeds up

- **Data Retrieval**
- Data Modification
- Development Cycle
- Data Replication

**PG # 51**

4.ER Model can be simplified in ----- ways

- One
- **Two** **PG # 103**
- Three
- Four

There are actually two ways of “simplifying” the ER model i.e. (i) De-normalization and (ii) Dimensional Modeling.

5.Non recording facts have a disadvantage that it has

- **Lack of Information** **PG # 120**
- Redundant Information
- Repeated Information
- Normalized Information

6.Fact-less fact table is a fact table without numeric fact columns. It is used to capture relationship between

- \_\_\_\_\_
- **Dimensions** **PG # 121**
  - Attributes
  - Tables
  - Facts

7.A cube is not a data warehouse, it is a \_\_\_\_\_

- **Data Mart** **PG # 131**
- Data Extraction
- Data Loading
- Query Manager

8. A dense index, if fits into memory, costs only \_\_\_\_\_ disk I/O access to locate a record by given key.

- **One**
- Two
- $\lg(n)$
- $n$

**PG # 223**

9. \_\_\_\_\_, if fits into memory, costs only one disk I/O access to locate a record by given key.

- **A Dense Index**
- A Sparse Index
- An Inverted Index
- None of These

**PG # 223**

10. \_\_\_\_\_, if too big and doesn't fit into the memory will be expensive when used to find a record by given key.

- **A Dense Index**
- A Sparse Index
- An Inverted Index
- None of these

**PG # 223**

11. \_\_\_\_\_ operator is conservative in that it assigns to the dimension an aggregate value no higher than the value of its weakest data quality indicator.

- **The Min**
- The Simple Ratio
- The Weighted Average
- None of these

**PG # 188**

12. Parallel execution dramatically reduces response time for \_\_\_\_\_ operations on large databases typically associated with Decision Support Systems (DSS) and data warehouses.

- **Data-Intensive** **PG # 201**
- Quality-Intensive
- Analysis-Intensive

13. Data dependencies between different phases of computation introduce synchronization requirements that force \_\_\_\_\_ execution.

- **Sequential** **PG # 204**
- Parallel
- Analogous
- Interactive Parallel

14. Maintaining locking consistency over all nodes can become a problem in large clusters. This is the disadvantage of

- **Shared Disk Approach** **PG # 209**
- Local Memory Approach
- Distributed Memory Approach

15. Performance is dictated by the \_\_\_\_\_ stage in the pipeline.

- **Slowest** **PG # 217**
- Fastest
- Smallest
- Largest

16. An optimized structure which is built primarily for retrieval, with update being only a secondary consideration is

- **Inverted Index** **PG # 232**
- OLTP
- OLAP
- DSS

17. During business hours, most \_\_\_\_\_ systems should probably not use parallel execution.

- **OLTP** **PG # 206**
- OLAP
- DSS
- Data Mining

18. There are many variants of the traditional nested-loop join. If there is an index and that index is exploited, then it is called

- Naive nested-loop join
- **Index nested-loop join** **PG # 243**
- Temporary index nested-loop join
- None of these

19. There are many variants of the traditional nested-loop join. If the index is built as part of the query plan and subsequently dropped, it is called

- Naive nested-loop join
- Index nested-loop join
- **Temporary index nested-loop join** **PG # 243**
- None of these

20. There are many variants of the traditional nested-loop join. When the entire table is scanned it is called

- **Naive nested-loop join** **PG # 243**
- Index nested-loop join
- Temporary index nested-loop join
- None of these

21.If someone told you that he had a good model to predict customer usage, the first thing you might try would be to ask him to apply his model to your customer \_\_\_\_\_, where you already knew the answer.

- **Base** [Click here for Reference Detail](#)
- Drive
- File
- Log

22.Data mining is a/an \_\_\_\_\_ approach, where browsing through data using data mining techniques may reveal something that might be of interest to the user as information that was unknown previously.

- **Exploratory** **PG # 249**
- Non-Exploratory
- Computer Science

23.Data mining uses \_\_\_\_\_ algorithms to discover patterns and regularities in data.

- **Statistical** **PG # 251**
- Mathematical
- Computational

24.Classification consists of examining the properties of a newly presented observation and assigning it to a predefined \_\_\_\_\_.

- **Class** **PG # 259**
- Object
- Container
- Subject

25.As opposed to the outcome of classification, estimation deal with \_\_\_\_\_ valued outcome.

- **Continuous** **PG # 260**
- Discrete
- Isolated
- Distinct

26. \_\_\_\_\_ is the technique in which existing heterogeneous segments are reshuffled, relocated into homogeneous segments.

- **Clustering** PG # 264
- Aggregation
- Segmentation
- Partitioning

27. Giving the least time to \_\_\_\_\_ can prove suicidal to the DWH project.

- OLAP
- De-normalization
- **ETL** PG # 313
- None of these

28. In DWH project, it is assured that \_\_\_\_\_ environment is similar to the production environment

- Designing
- **Development** PG # 314
- Analysis
- Implementation

29. The application development quality-assurance activities cannot be completed until the data is \_\_\_\_\_.

- **Stabilized** PG # 308
- Identified
- Finalized
- Computerized

30. Many data warehouse project teams waste enormous amounts of time searching in vain for a \_\_\_\_\_.

- **Silver Bullet**                      **PG # 315**
- Golden Bullet
- Suitable Hardware
- Compatible Product

Many data warehouse project teams waste enormous amounts of time searching in vain for a **silver bullet** i.e. a **panacea** or **Amratdhara**

31. Focusing on data warehouse delivery only often end up \_\_\_\_\_.

- **Rebuilding**                      **PG # 315**
- Success
- Good Stable Product
- None of these

Focusing on data warehouse delivery, architecture feels like a distraction and impediment to progress and **often end up rebuilding.**

32. Investing years in architecture and forgetting the primary purpose of solving business problems, results in inefficient application. This is the example of \_\_\_\_\_ mistake.

- Extreme Technology Design
- Extreme Architecture Design
- **None of these**

33. \_\_\_\_\_ Division is cotton hub of Punjab.

- Lahore
- Faisalabad
- **Multan**
- Bahawalpur

Multan, a division in southern Punjab, is known as the agricultural **hub** of the country. Multan accounts for **70% cotton production** of the country.

34. \_\_\_\_\_ in agriculture extension is that pest population beyond which the benefit of spraying outweighs its cost.

- None of these
- Profit Threshold Level
- **Economic Threshold Level**
- Medicine Threshold Level

PG # 332

**ETL A:** Economic Threshold Level in agriculture extension is that pest population beyond which the benefit of spraying outweighs its cost. It is highly infeasible and expensive to eradicate

35. \_\_\_\_\_ is a process which involves gathering of information about column through execution of certain queries with intention to identify erroneous records.

- **Data profiling**
- Data Anomaly Detection
- Record Duplicate Detection
- None of these

PG # 439

36. If we remove the modification anomalies the table comes in \_\_\_\_\_ form

- 1NF
- 2NF
- **3NF**
- 4NF

PG # 47

37. Modification anomalies occur in \_\_\_\_\_ form

- 1NF
- **2NF**
- 3NF
- BCNF

PG # 45

38. Execution can be completed successfully or it may be stopped due to some error. In case of successful completion of execution all the transactions will be \_\_\_\_\_

- **Committed to the database** **PG # 419**
- Rolled back

39. If some error occurs, execution will be terminated abnormally and all transactions will be rolled back. In this case when we will access the database we will find it in the state that was before the \_\_\_\_\_.

- **Execution of package** **PG # 419**
- Creation of package
- Connection of package

40. Execution can be completed successfully or it may be stopped due to some error. If some error occurs, execution will be terminated abnormally and all transactions will be \_\_\_\_\_

- Committed to the database
- **Rolled back** **PG # 419**

41. To identify the degree of transformation required we need to perform \_\_\_\_\_.

- **Data Profiling** **PG # 437**
- Data Anomaly Detection
- Data Cleansing
- None of The Given

42. To identify the \_\_\_\_\_ required we need to perform data profiling

- **Degree of Transformation** **PG # 437**
- Complexity
- Cost
- Time

43.To judge effectiveness we perform data profiling twice.

- One before Extraction and the other after Extraction
- **One before Transformation and the other after Transformation** PG # 441
- One before Loading and the other after Loading

44.If the dates are missing we must need to consult \_\_\_\_\_.

- **Golden Copy** PG # 456
- Default System Date
- Silver Copy
- None of the given

45.In MOLAP physically build cubes for direct access, support is not available for \_\_\_\_\_ SQL.

- **ANSI** PG # 78
- Microsoft
- Oracle
- SAP

MOLAP physically builds “cubes” for direct access - usually in the proprietary file format of a multi-dimensional database (MDD) or a user defined data structure. Therefore **ANSI SQL is not supported.**

46.\_\_\_\_\_ is the lowest level of detail or the atomic level of data stored in the warehouse.

- Aggregate
- Cube
- **Grain** PG # 111
- Virtual Cube

47. After implementing Change Data Capture, the advantage we have is that, data is able to be integrated and transformed \_\_\_\_\_

- **In-flight**                      [Click Here For Reference Detail](#)                      **PG # 152**
- Off-flight
- Stored Data
- Over-flight

Finally data is able to be integrated and transformed "in-flight". Once the update/transaction data has been pulled from the log tape, the DWH is free to re-sequence, reformat, convert, merge, summarize, etc.

48. All data is \_\_\_\_\_ of something real.

- I        An Abstraction
- II       A Representation

Which of the following option is true?

- **I Only**                                      **PG # 180**
- II Only
- Both I & II
- None of I & II

49. In the Information Age, the \_\_\_\_\_ learning organization is at a distinct disadvantage. This term means "impaired functioning"

- Functional
- **Dysfunctional**                                      **PG #181**
- Purposeful
- Serviceable

50. Many DW projects do not deliver to full potential because they treat data quality as a one-time undertaking as part of UAT. Here UAT stands for

- **User Acceptance Testing**                                      **PG # 193**
- Uninterrupted Availability of Testing
- Universal Acceptance Test
- Universal Applied Test

51. NUMA stands for \_\_\_\_\_

- **Non-uniform Memory Access** **PG # 206**
- Non-updateable Memory Architecture
- New Universal Memory Architecture

52. Parallelism can \_\_\_\_\_ system performance on over-utilized systems or systems with small I/O bandwidth.

- **Reduce** **PG # 202**
- Enhance
- Maintain
- Boost

53. Data mining evolves as a mechanism to cater the limitations of \_\_\_\_\_ systems to deal with massive data sets with high dimensionality, new data types, multiple heterogeneous data resources etc.

- **OLTP** **PG # 254**
- OLAP
- DSS
- DWH

54. In contrast to data mining, statistics is \_\_\_\_\_ driven.

- **Assumption** **PG # 255**
- Knowledge
- Discovery
- Database

55. A \_\_\_\_\_ implementation approach is generally useful for projects where the technology is mature and well understood, as well as where the business problems that must be solved are clear and well understood.

- **Top Down** **PG # 283**
- Bottom Up
- Waterfall
- Spiral

56. Implementing a data warehouse requires \_\_\_\_\_ integrated activities.

- Loosely
- **Tightly**
- Slackly
- Lethargically

**PG # 289**

57. The Kimball's iterative data warehouse development approach drew on decades of experience to develop the \_\_\_\_\_.

- OLAP Dimension
- Business Definition Lifecycle
- **Business Dimensional Lifecycle**
- Data Warehouse Dimension

**PG # 289**

58. Pipeline parallelism focuses on increasing throughput of task execution, NOT on \_\_\_\_\_ sub-task execution time.

- Increasing
- **Decreasing**
- Maintaining
- None of these

**PG # 215**

59. Pipeline parallelism focuses on increasing \_\_\_\_\_ of task execution.

- **Throughput**
- Non I/O Portion
- I/O Speed
- None of these

**PG # 215**

60. One needs to slot the alternative tools into categories that allow for meaningful comparison in order to \_\_\_\_\_.

- **Evaluate Tools**
- Reduce Cost
- None of these

**PG # 315**

61. Pakistan is one of the five major \_\_\_\_\_ countries in the world.

- **Cotton-growing** **PG # 330**
- Rice-growing
- Weapon Producing

62. \_\_\_\_\_ is a systematic field sampling process that provide field specific information on pest pressure and crop injury.

- **Pest Scouting** **PG # 333**
- Soil Survey
- Seed Survey
- Water Survey

63. The growth of master files and magnetic tapes exploded around the mid- \_\_\_\_\_.

- 1950s.
- **1960s.** **PG # 12**
- 1970s.
- 1980s.

64. Redundancy causes \_\_\_\_\_ anomalies

- **Update** **PG # 43**
- Select
- Both Update & Select
- None of these

65. Data Transformation Services (DTS) provide a set of \_\_\_\_\_ that lets you extract, transform, and transformation required we need to perform into single or multiple destinations supported by DTS connectivity.

- **Tools** **PG # 373**
- Documentations
- Guidelines

66.Data Transformation Services (DTS) provide a set of tools that lets you extract, transform, and consolidate data from disparate sources into \_\_\_\_\_ supported by DTS connectivity.

- Single Destination
- Multiple Destinations
- **Single or Multiple Destinations**

**PG # 373**

67.Data Transformation Services (DTS) provide a set of \_\_\_\_\_ that lets you extract, transform, and consolidate data from disparate sources into single or multiple destinations supported by DTS connectivity.

- **Tools**
- Documentations
- Guidelines

**PG # 373**

68.In ROLAP access to information is provided via relational database using \_\_\_\_\_ standard SQL.

- **ANSI**
- Microsoft
- Oracle
- SAP

**PG # 78**

69. Which of the following statement is true? 1 GB is

- **$2^{30}$  or  $10^9$  bytes**
- $2^{30}$  or  $10^6$  bytes
- $2^{32}$  or  $10^9$  bytes
- $2^{32}$  or  $10^8$  bytes

**PG # 15**

How Much Data is that?		
1 MB	$2^{20}$ or $10^6$ bytes	Small novel – 3 1/2 Disk
1 GB	$2^{30}$ or $10^9$ bytes	Paper rims that could fill the back of a pickup van
1 TB	$2^{40}$ or $10^{12}$ bytes	50,000 trees chopped and converted into paper and printed
2 PB	1 PB = $2^{50}$ or $10^{15}$ bytes	Academic research libraries across the U.S.
5 EB	1 EB = $2^{60}$ or $10^{18}$ bytes	All words <u>ever</u> spoken by human beings

**Table-2.1: Quantifying size of data**

70. Which of the following statement is true? 1 PB is

- $2^{52}$  or  $10^{13}$  bytes
- **$2^{50}$  or  $10^{15}$  bytes**                      **PG # 15**
- $2^{50}$  or  $10^{10}$  bytes
- $2^{48}$  or  $10^{12}$  bytes

71. Node of a B-Tree is stored in memory block and traversing a B-Tree involves \_\_\_\_\_ page faults.

- $O(n)$
- $O(n^2)$
- $O(n \lg n)$
- **$O(\log n)$**                       **PG # 22**

72. Normally Selectivity of query in OLTP system is

- **High**                      **PG # 30**
- Low
- Not measured

OLTP	DWH
Primary key used	Primary key NOT used
No concept of Primary Index	Primary index used
May use a single table	Uses multiple tables
Few rows returned	Many rows returned
<b>High selectivity of query</b>	Low selectivity of query
Indexing on primary key (unique)	Indexing on primary index (non-unique)

**Table-4.1: Comparison of OLTP and DWH for given queries**

73. Normally Selectivity of query in data warehouse is

- High
- **Low**                      **PG # 30**
- Not measured

74. One major goal of horizontal splitting is

- Splitting rows for exploiting parallelism
- Splitting columns for exploiting parallelism
- Splitting schema for exploiting parallelism
- **Spreading rows for exploiting parallelism.**

PG # 46

### Splitting Tables: Horizontal splitting

Breaks a table into multiple tables based upon common column values. Example: Campus specific queries.

#### GOAL

- **Spreading rows for exploiting parallelism.**
- Grouping data to avoid unnecessary query load in WHERE clause.

75. Fact-less fact table is a fact table without numeric fact columns. It is used to capture relationship between

- 
- **Dimensions**
  - Attributes
  - Tables
  - Facts

PG # 121

#### A Fact-less Fact Table

- "Fact-less" fact table
  - **A fact table without numeric fact columns**
  - **Captures relationships between dimensions**
  - Use a dummy fact column that always has value 1

76.The \_\_\_\_\_ measures the ratio of desired outcomes to total outcomes.

- **Simple Ratio** **PG # 187**
- Min Operation
- Max Operation
- Weighted Average

77.In 1972 the Mitsubishi Shipyards in Kobe developed a technique in which customer wants were linked to product specifications via a matrix format. This technique is known today as:

- The Matrix of Quality
- **The House of Quality** **PG # 194**
- The Base Structure of Quality
- None of these

78.\_\_\_\_\_ improve the overall data design and use data standards.

- Process Improvement
- System Improvement
- Policy & Procedure Improvement
- **Data Design Improvement** **PG # 196**

79.Which is the least appropriate join operation for Pipeline parallelism?

- Inner Join
- Inner Join
- **Sort-Merge Join**
- Hash Join

80. It must be ensured that, there are enough computing resources, Query-coordinator is very fast as compared to query servers, Work done in each partition almost same to avoid performance bottlenecks

- To get a speed-up of N with M partitions
- To get a speed-up of N with  $N^2$  partitions
- **To get a speed-up of N with N partitions**
- To get a speed-up of N with N/2 partitions

PG # 213

81. The automated, prospective analyses offered by data mining move beyond the analyses of past events provided by \_\_\_\_\_ tools typical of decision support systems.

- Introspective
- Intuitive
- Reminiscent
- **Retrospective**

[Click Here For Reference Detail](#)

82. The automated, prospective analyses offered by data mining move beyond the analyses of past events provided by retrospective tools typical of \_\_\_\_\_.

- **Decision Support Systems**
- OLTP
- OLAP
- Initial Data Mining Systems

[Click Here For Reference Detail](#)

83. The most recent attack is the \_\_\_\_\_ attack on the cotton crop during 2003-04, resulting in a loss of nearly 0.5 million bales.

- Cotton Worm
- **Boll Worm** **PG # 333**
- Purple Worm
- Blue Worm

84. \_\_\_\_\_ gives total view of an organization

- OLTP
- **Data warehouse** **PG # 16**
- OLAP
- Data base

85. Data recorded by pest scouts consists of two parts:

- **Static and Dynamic** **PG # 342**
- Valid and Invalid
- Volatile and Non-Volatile

86. DTS allows us to connect through any data source or destination that is supported by \_\_\_\_\_

- **OLE DB** **PG # 373**
- OLAP
- OLTP
- Data Warehouse

87. Experience showed that for a single pass magnetic tape that scanned 100% of the records, only \_\_\_\_\_ of the records, sometimes even were actually required.

- **5%**                      **PG # 12**
- 30%
- 50%
- 80%

88. It is observed that every year the amount of data recorded in an organization

- **Doubles**                      **PG # 15**
- Triples
- Quartiles
- Remains same as previous year

89. Normalized design is likely to perform much faster than de-normalized design for queries that probe

- **Master table only**                      **PG # 64**
- Details tables only
- Both master and detail tables

90. Partition elimination is not possible with

- **Round-Robin**                      **PG # 66**
- De-normalization
- Normalization

91. ER is a logical design technique that seeks to remove the \_\_\_\_\_ in data.

- **Redundancy** **PG # 98**
- Normalization
- Anomalies

92. ER is a \_\_\_\_\_ design technique that seeks to remove the redundancy in data.

- **Logical** **PG # 98**
- Physical
- Data Dependent
- Transaction Dependent

93. Merging information is one of the major types of \_\_\_\_\_

- **Transformation** **PG # 152 , 153**
- Extraction
- Loading
- None of these

**Data merging is part of data transformation where multiple values are summarized into single summarized value.**

94. The goal of \_\_\_\_\_ is to look at as few block as possible to find the matching records.

- **Indexing** **PG # 222**
- Partitioning
- Joining

95. If every key in the data file is represented in the index file then index is

- **Dense Index** **PG # 223**
- Sparse Index
- Inverted Index
- None of these

96. \_\_\_\_\_ means meeting customer's needs, not necessarily exceeding them.

- **Quality** **PG # 180**
- Marketing
- DSS
- OLAP

97. The purpose of the House of Quality technique is to reduce \_\_\_\_\_ types of risk

- **Two** **PG # 194 , 195**
- Three
- Four
- All

98. Majority of data warehouse projects fail due to the complexity of the \_\_\_\_\_

- **Development Process** **PG # 283**
- Analytical Process of Cube
- Query Complexity
- Index Complexity

99. For a DWH project, the key requirements are \_\_\_\_\_ and product experience.

- Tools
- **Industry** **PG # 320**
- Software
- None of these

100. Relational databases allow you to navigate the data in \_\_\_\_\_ that is appropriate using the primary, foreign key structure within the data model.

- Only One Direction
- **Any Direction** **PG # 19**
- Two Direction
- None of these

101. In \_\_\_\_\_ system, the contents change with time.

- **OLTP** **PG # 20**
- DSS
- ATM
- OLAP

102. Primary key is repeated in \_\_\_\_\_ splitting.

- Horizontal
- **Vertical** **PG # 56**

103. Geography is a good example of

- One-dimensional Hierarchy
- **Multidimensional Hierarchy**
- Non-Dimensional
- Linear Hierarchy

**PG # 52**

104. Cube is a logical entity containing values of a certain fact at a certain aggregation level at \_\_\_\_\_ of a combination of dimensions.

- **An Intersection**
- A Union
- A Subtraction
- A Subset

**PG # 88**

105. Pre-computed \_\_\_\_\_ can solve performance problems

- **Aggregates**
- Facts
- Dimensions

**PG # 111**

106. A company has implemented data warehouse for analytical purpose. Quantity sold is stored as a fact. This quantity sold is

- **Additive Fact**
- Non-Additive Fact

**PG # 119**

107. In full extraction, data is extracted completely from the source system. Therefore there is no need to keep track of changes to the \_\_\_\_\_

- **Data Source**
- DWH
- Data Mart

**PG # 133**

108. The goal of \_\_\_\_\_ is to look at as few blocks as possible to find the matching records(s).

- **Indexing** **PG # 222**
- Partitioning
- Joining

109. After performing most of the transformation and cleansing steps, especially after having cleaned single-source error and conflicting representations, we perform \_\_\_\_\_ task.

- **Duplicate Elimination** **PG # 165**
- Duplicate Identification
- Duplicate Classification
- Duplicate Categorization

110. \_\_\_\_\_ improve the functional processes used to create, manage, access, and use data.

- **Process Improvement** **PG # 196**
- System Improvement
- Policy & Procedure Improvement
- Data Design Improvement

111. Non uniform distribution, when the data is distributed across the processors, is called \_\_\_\_\_.

- **Skew in Partition** **PG # 218**
- Pipeline Distribution
- Distributed Distribution
- Uncontrolled Distribution

112. In nested-loop join case, if there are 'M' rows in outer table and 'N' rows in inner table, time complexity is

- $O(M \log N)$
- $O(M \log N)$
- **$O(MN)$**
- $O(M^N)$

**PG # 240**

If the **outer loop** executes R times and for each such execution the **inner loop** executes S times, then the total cost or time complexity of the nested loop is  $O(RS)$ .

113. There are different DWH implementation strategies, Kimball's Approach for data warehouse implementation is

- Data-Driven
- **Goal-Driven**
- User-Driven
- None of these

**PG # 289**

114. If w is the window size and n is the size of data set, then the complexity of merging phase in BSN method is \_\_\_\_\_

- $O(n)$
- $O(w)$
- **$O(w n)$**
- $O(w \log n)$

**PG # 171**

115. \_\_\_\_\_ is one class of decision support environment.

- **OLAP**
- OLTP
- Data Cleansing
- ETL

**PG # 30**

116. Within the data warehousing field, data \_\_\_\_\_ is applied especially when several databases are merged.

- Extraction
- Loading
- **Cleansing**
- Join

**PG # 168**

117. Every operation cannot be parallelized, there are some preconditions and one of them is

- **The operations to be parallelized can be implemented independent of each other.** **PG # 201**
- The operations to be parallelized can be implemented dependent on each other.
- The operation to be parallelized has dependent sub-operations.
- None of these

118. The users of data warehouse are \_\_\_\_\_

- Decision makers
- Knowledge workers
- **Both Knowledge workers and Decision makers**

**PG # 18**

The users of data warehouse are **knowledge workers in other words they are decision makers** in the organization.

119.As per Kimball, \_\_\_\_\_ is the main operational process

- Requirement extraction
- Goal design
- **Business process**
- Schema design

PG # 285

120.In context of data parallelism, the work done by query processor should be:

- Almost zero
- **Maximum**
- Pipelined
- Filtered across partitions

121.“More resources means proportionally less time for given amount of data”. The statement refers to:

- Scale-Up
- **Speed-Up**
- Size-up
- Over-utilized system

122. "If resources increase in proportion to increase in data size, time is constant". The statement refers to:

- **Scale-Up**
- Speed-Up
- Size-up
- Over-utilized system

123. Waterfall is a/an \_\_\_\_\_ model.

- Iterative
- **Simple linear sequential**
- Object Oriented
- Rapid development

124. Spiral model is \_\_\_\_\_

- Sequence of waterfall model
- Risk oriented model
- An iterative model
- **All of the given options**

125. In horizontal splitting, we split a relation into multiple tables on the basis of

- **Common Column Values**
- Common Row Values
- Different Index Values
- Value resulted by ad-hoc query

126. Effects of de-normalization on database performance are

- **Unpredictable** **PG # 62**
- Predictable
- Conventional
- Unsurprising

127. OLAP is used for analytical process. For analytical processing we need

- **Multi-level aggregates** **PG # 74**
- Record level access
- Data level access
- Row level access

128. In contrast to statistics, data mining is \_\_\_\_\_ driven.

- Assumption
- **Knowledge** **PG # 255**
- Discovery
- Database

129. In the context of Business Development Lifecycle (Kimball's approach), the first task in technology track is \_\_\_\_\_ Technical

- **Architecture Design** **PG # 299**
- Requirement Specification Development
- Requirement Analysis
- Lifecycle Model Selection

130. Multidimensional databases typically use proprietary \_\_\_\_\_ format to store pre-summarized cube structures.

- **File** **PG # 79**
- Application
- Aggregate
- Database

131.As consumers, human beings judge the quality of things during their life-time.

I Consciously

II Subconsciously

III Unconsciously

Which of the following statement is true?

- I Only
- II Only
- III Only
- **I & II Only**      **PG # 179**

132.Product selection phase fall in the \_\_\_\_\_ Kimball's approach of business dimensional life cycle.

133.SMP Stands for \_\_\_\_\_.

- **Symmetric multi-processors**      **PG # 202**
- Sufficient multi-processors

134. Records referring to the same entity are represented in different formats in the different data sets or are represented erroneously. Thus, duplicate records will appear in the merged database. The issue is to identify and eliminate these duplicates. The problem is known as the \_\_\_\_\_.

- **Merge/Purge Problem**                      **PG # 168**
- Cleansing Problem
- Transformation Problem
- Data Quality Problem

135. The users of data warehouse are knowledge workers in other words they are \_\_\_\_\_ in the organization.

- **Decision maker**                              **PG # 18**
- Manager
- Database Administrator
- DWH Analyst

136. Identify the TRUE statement about Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP).

- **HTTP is stateless protocol**                      **PG # 364**
- HTTP is not a world wide web protocol
- HTTP is used to maintain sessions
- HTTP is message routing protocol

137. \_\_\_\_\_ contribute(s) to an under-utilization of valuable and expensive historical data, and inevitably results in a limited capability to provide decision support and analysis.

➤ **The lack of data integration and standardization**      **PG # 330**

➤ Less number of frequent updates

➤ Minimum aggregation level

➤ Low cube cardinality

138. For a given data set, to get a local view in un-supervised learning we use

➤ One-way Clustering

➤ **Bi-clustering**      **PG # 271**

➤ Pearson correlation

➤ Euclidean distance

139. One-way and Two-way clustering are types of

➤ Supervised

➤ Semi-Supervised

➤ **Un-Supervised**      **PG # 271**

➤ Reinforcement

140. Collapsing tables can be done on the \_\_\_\_\_ relationship(s)

- Only One-to-One
- Only Many-to-Many
- Only One-to-Many
- **Both One-to-One and Many-to-Many**      **PG # 52**

141. If we apply Run Length Encoding on the input “111100001111”, the output will be.

- **14#04#14**      **PG # 234**
- 41#40#41
- 18#04
- 81#40

142. PTCL is one of the examples of the following data warehouse organization

- **Telecommunications** **PG # 323**
- Financial service/insurance
- Transportation
- Government

**DWH Target Organizations**

• **Financial service/insurance.**

- Union Bank
- State Bank of Pakistan

• **Telecommunications.**

- Ufone
- **PTCL**
- PAKNET

• **Transportation.**

- PIA

• **Government.**

- NADRA

143. \_\_\_\_\_ can be placed in front of our enterprise's Web servers to help them offload requests for frequently accessed content.

- **Reverse Proxy** **PG # 369**
- Forward Proxy

144. \_\_\_\_\_ a small piece of information generated by the Web server and stored on the client.

- **Cookie** **PG # 359**

145.. In context of web warehousing, which of the following is NOT one of the way to identify the session?

- Using Transient Cookies
- Using Time-contiguous Log Entries
- Using HTTP's secure sockets layer (SSL)
- **Using Simple Session Protocol (SSP)** **PG #364**

146.The ith bit is set to 1 if the ith row of the base table has the value for the indexed column.

This statement refers to:

- Inverted index
- **Bitmap index** **PG # 233**
- Cluster index
- join index

147. Which of the following is NOT one of the issues of Clickstream data?

- Identifying the visitor origin
- Identifying the session
- Identifying the visitor
- **Identify the domain server**                      **PG # 363**

Clickstream data has many issues.

1. Identifying the Visitor Origin
2. Identifying the Session
3. Identifying the Visitor
4. Proxy Servers
5. Browser Caches

148. Which of the following is/are drawback(s) of traditional web searches?

- Limited to keyword based matching
- Cannot distinguish between the contexts in which a link is used
- Coupling of files has to be done manually
- **All of the given options**                      **PG # 351**